

Calculating the Value Stack for Solar and Energy Storage

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NYSERDA

Agenda

- > Value Stack Overview
- > Value Stack Calculator
- > Q&A

Value Stack Overview

- > Introduced in 2017 as a successor for net metering for certain project types, gradually implemented
- > Underlying philosophy: the compensation for a project should reflect the time and location of its generation
 - > Higher compensation in congested areas (downstate), higher compensation during peak demand times
- > Compensation for energy that is injected to the distribution grid
- > Value Stack was reformed (“Phase Two VDER”) in 2019 to make it simpler and more financeable
- > Phase One Net Metering (“NEM”) is still in place for certain project types

Value Stack Vs Net Metering

- > Value Stack
 - > Any community solar or remotely credited projects (“front-of-the-meter”)
 - > All projects above 750 kW AC
- > Net Metering
 - > Residential PV
 - > On-site (“behind-the-meter”) PV under 750 kW AC
 - > 20-year term, no annual true-up

Value Stack Elements

- > Energy
- > Capacity
- > Environmental Value
- > Demand Reduction Value
- > Locational System Relief Value
- > Community Credit and Market Transition Credit

Value Stack Elements - Energy

- > AKA Locational-Based Marginal Pricing (LBMP)
- > Short Description: Based on the NYISO's auction prices – the same rates that power plants are paid.
- > Full Description: The NYISO's zonal, day-ahead hourly auction prices, with a transmission & distribution loss factor applied.
- > Pricing changes based on energy demand, cost of utility-scale energy generation (natural gas)
- > The most variable and challenging-to-model value stack element. For instance, was extremely high in 2022 due to natural gas supply constraints brought on by the war in Ukraine

Value Stack Elements - Capacity

- > AKA ICAP
- > Short Description: Based on the NYISO's auction prices – compensation is based on how well the project reduces the statewide peak power demand
- > Projects can choose from three Alternatives
 - > Alt 1: Paid on every kWh generated throughout the year
 - > Alt 2: A higher rate than Alt 1, but paid only on generation during a fixed peak window (2-7PM, non-holiday weekdays, June 24 –Aug 31)
 - > Alt 3: (storage charged from the grid must choose this alternative). Compensation based on system output during the single statewide peak load hour of the year.
- > In all three Alternatives, the compensation rate is based on the NYISO capacity auction prices

Value Stack Elements – Environmental Value

- > AKA “E Value”
- > Represents the social and environmental benefits of a “clean” kilowatt-hour
- > Value calculated based on Social Cost of Carbon, as calculated by NY DPS
- > Projects lock in their E Value rate when they make their 25% utility upgrade payment (or execute interconnection agreement, if no upgrade payment required)
- > Current value: 3.013 cents per kWh
- > Projects may opt out of receiving the E value, and instead claim a non-tradable, non-monetizable REC that can be retired in the NYGATS platform

Value Stack Elements – Demand Reduction Value

- > AKA “DRV”
- > Value based on how well a project reduces the utility’s need to make grid upgrades
- > DRV rates are locked in for 10 years.
- > DRV paid out on grid injections during a fixed peaking window. In ConEd:
 - > Non-holiday weekdays, June 24 – Sept 15
 - > Hours vary by location: 11AM–3PM, 2–6PM, 4–8PM, or 7–11 PM. Check the CSRP Map!
- > Future rates will be calculated based on [Marginal Cost of Service Proceeding](#)

Value Stack Elements – LSRV, MTC, CC

- > Location-Specific Relief Value (LSRV): Available for certain utility-defined substations. Almost fully allocated
- > Market Transition Credit and Community Credit (MTC and CC): Special incentive for community distributed generation. Fully allocated in Con Ed territory. Has been replaced by NY-Sun incentives (Community Adder)

Are there resources to help me keep this straight?

- > [NYSERDA Value Stack Page](#) and [VDER Resources page](#)
 - > Overview document, webinar recordings, links to utility filings, etc.
- > [Con Edison](#) Components and Eligibility for the VDER Value Stack guide

Value Stack Calculator

- > Free, Excel-based tool designed to help estimate project compensation under the Value Stack Tariff. Actual compensation is calculated and administered by utility
- > Can model front-of-the-meter and behind-the-meter PV, PV paired with energy storage, and (new feature!) standalone storage
- > Flexible model – user has significant flexibility on assumptions and escalators. Be thoughtful on how conservative or aggressive you want your model run to be

Value Stack Calculator Rev 3.0

- > Value Stack Calculator Revision 3.0 is now live!
 - Updated to include 2023 historic data – energy and capacity pricing, LSRV call events
 - New training video and slides have been posted (Value Stack Resources subpage)
 - Now includes standalone energy storage for all utilities, including charging costs

Value Stack Calculator: Advanced Features

- > Unlock workbook to edit: password *nysun*
- > *Documentation* tab defined and explains many data sources, calculation methodologies. Includes links to external documents (such as the Con Ed DRV/CSRP map)
- > *Summary Outputs* tab provides simple outputs (compensation per year), *Detailed Outputs* provides monthly compensation, and compensation per individual value stack element
- > Calculator can model annual degradation of battery system. Special macro may take 3-10 minutes to run.
- > Calculator/modeling questions: vder@nyseda.ny.gov
- > Interconnection/tariff questions: [please contact utility](#)

Thank You

- > If you have questions on this presentation, please contact luke.forster@nyserda.ny.gov.